



per curiam, 410 F.2d, 71 LRRM 2112 (CA 5), cert. denied, 396 U.S. 835, 72 LRRM 2432 (1969); Seaford Ed. Assn. v. Bd. of Ed., Del. PERB, ULP 2-2-84S (1984, PERB Binder I, p. 1); Red Clay Ed. Assn v. Bd. Of Ed., Del PERB, ULP 90-06-051 (1990, PERB Binder I, p. 575). In reviewing the totality of the employer's conduct, anti-union behavior away from the bargaining table is a valid consideration. NLRB v. Billion Motors, 700 F.2d 454, 112 LRRM 2873 (CA8, 1983)

Furthermore, each complaint alleges violations in addition to the failure to bargain in good faith which is the subject of 19 Del.C. §1307 (a)(5).

Consequently, the fact that the above-named individuals did not participate in collective bargaining sessions has no bearing on the relevancy or admissibility of their testimony.

So, too, the argument set forth by the Respondent in paragraph b is not convincing. Depending upon the surrounding circumstances, specific testimony may or may not be protected by the attorney-client privilege. If, in the opinion of the County's representative, prospective testimony is so protected the privilege may be asserted at the hearing in the form of an objection to specific questions.

Accordingly, the Respondent's Motion to Quash the subpoenas served upon Messrs, McLeod, Blakey, Cebrick, Ennis, Paskey, Pepper, Peterman, and Smith is denied.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

*/s/Charles D. Long, Jr.*  
CHARLES D. LONG, JR.  
Executive Director  
Del. Public Employment Relations Bd.

DATED: 6 September 1996